Austin wM

a semi-Professional Portfolio

draft β_3 as of December 24, 2024

Contact Information: austinwmille@gmail.com

+1 (941) 545-5082 austinmiller.net Brandon, FL 33511

Abstract

A multidisciplinary applied scientist with a focus on leveraging analytical techniques to solve complex, real-world problems. With expertise spanning physics, astronomy, and chemistry, the emphasis has been on data management, programming (primarily in Python), and electronics. This portfolio showcases diverse projects, technical skills, and ongoing work, reflecting a commitment to continuous learning and practical applications. Whether developing software solutions or conducting detailed scientific analysis, the goal is always to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world challenges.

This document is written in $I\!AT_E\!X$.² The page which follows will catalog its contents, followed by an unnecessary and verbose introduction. This portfolio presents somewhat notable projects, accomplishments, and hobbies, or just things I've done. It will contain pictures I've taken and code I've written. It may contain songs I play. It is definitely *not* the GitHub profile of a software engineer, the resume of an entrepreneur, or the curriculum vitae of an esteemed professor. It is different and worse than those.

an unscientific postscript – as of the third draft I have finally realized that no one will ever read this document. for this reason, expect *some* of the document to be very unserious.

Page of Contents

1. Title Page

2. Page of Contents

- 4. **Introduction** Brief overview of background, expertise, and professional focus.
- 5. Astrophysics & Cosmology

Currently hosts some of my undergraduate projects in Astrophysics. I plan to add A LOT to this section.

5 Hubble's Law

Canonical discovery of the expansion of the universe, but there's more to this story...

- 6 Exoplanet Detection A very simple example of using raw satellite data to confirm existence of a planet orbiting a particular star.
- 8 Galactic Rotation Curves THE canonical, first-proof method to show evidence for dark matter.
- 10 Electron Diffraction

A laboratory technique used give an introduction to the study and determination of the structure of solids.

12 Magneto-Optic Kerr Effect

Water, fire, air and dirt Fucking magnets, how do they work? And I don't wanna talk to a scientist Y'all motherfuckers lying, and getting me pissed

– Insane Clown Posse

14 Numerical Modeling

The real world almost always refuses simple solutions. One solution to this problem is demonstrated here to model stellar structures.

17. Research Projects

Really this section is garbage for now.

- 18. Summary of demonstrated skills A child's list of the skills I hope to have shown throughout this document.
- 19. Web Development & Administration An overview of technical skills built working with the world wide web.

20. Contact Information

An exhaustive list of ways to contact, connect with, and stalk, me and my social media profiles.

20. Footnotes, sources, and extra words

Tried to read Infinite Jest; never finished; forever enamored with the footnotes.

Introduction

Based on this document, ChatGPT wants to call me¹ a "data analyst and physicist with a deep interest in applying analytical techniques to solve complex problems". I would not. I'd call myself an academic, whose current knowledge and insight lacks what's required to make decent money. I have only a bachelors degree in Physics, but it's something I'm most proud of and hope to continue one day. I was particularly fond of studies in astronomy and astrophysics, which will make up most of this document in its early stages. Incidentally, academic structures are often dogma-ed for good reason. To get a full grasp of this document will require slightly more than an introductory knowledge of Calculus, Physics, and computer programming in general. That said, the work contained in this document is almost entirely undergraduate work, and not particularly difficult.

On the other hand, I hope for future iterations of this portfolio to contain at least as much non-academic work. Because my education has not yet proved to be a returning bet, I have instead busied myself learning new things that pique my interest. My programming and computer science projects in particular have really taken center stage since graduation. Coupled with the massive rise in AI tools recently, that's been my focus as of 2024. After I add in a few of my programming displays I hope to add music, photographs, designs, and other creative projects to the mix.

May death come swiftly to us all,

Austin W. Miller

Astrophysics and Cosmology

Hubble's Law: Cosmological Data Analysis (AST 3930L)

Problem: Determine the relationship between the velocity of distant galaxies and their distance from Earth to confirm the expansion of the universe. The end goal was to calculate the Hubble constant using real observational data.

Solution: Taking data from NASA's online data archive, I used Python to analyze the velocity and distance of galaxies. By applying least-squares fitting, I was able to compute Hubble's constant and verify the universe's expansion as described by Hubble's Law. **this requires some theoretical background as I will show soon!

Skills Highlighted: Python, Data Visualization, Statistical Modeling Not yet imported: plan to add the theory for this problem and lots of math

Python Code Excerpt:

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
distance = np.array([...])
velocity = np.array([...])
plt.errorbar(distance, velocity, yerr=velocity_error, fmt='o')
hubble_constant, _ = np.polyfit(distance, velocity, 1)
plt.plot(distance, hubble_constant * distance, label=f'H_0-=-{hubble_constant}')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Figure 1: Hubble Diagram showcasing the linear relationship between distance and velocity of galaxies.

Exoplanet Detection Using Kepler Data (AST 3930L)

Problem: Analyze NASA's data of light curves from the Kepler Space Telescope to detect potential exoplanets orbiting distant stars by identifying dips in brightness caused by planetary transits. **Solution:** I use Python to manipulate and weed out data points, then analyze the light curve data and detect the characteristic dips associated with exoplanet transits. By applying signal processing techniques, I confirmed the detection of exoplanets using real world observational data. **Skills Highlighted:** Data Analysis, Python Programming, Astrophysical Modeling

Python Code Excerpt:

import numpy as np
from scipy.signal import find_peaks

```
# Sample data from Kepler light curve
light_curve = np.loadtxt('kepler_data.txt')
peaks, _ = find_peaks(-light_curve, prominence=0.1)
```

```
plt.plot(light_curve)
plt.plot(peaks, light_curve[peaks], 'x')
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Flux')
plt.title('Exoplanet-Transit-Detection-in-Kepler-Light-Curve')
plt.show()
```



Figure 2: Raw data plot



Figure 3: data plot after analysis showing evidence of exoplanet 1

Galactic Rotation Curves (AST 3930)

In this project, I studied the rotational velocities of galaxies to understand their mass distributions. Using radio observations, I created rotation curves and applied Newtonian dynamics to infer the presence of dark matter. Python was used to process the radio data and plot the results. **Skills Highlighted:** Data Analysis, Python, Astrophysics

```
# Load radio data and plot rotation curve
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
radii = np.array([...])  # Radii from galaxy center
velocities = np.array([...])  # Corresponding velocities
plt.plot(radii, velocities, label='Rotation-Curve')
plt.xlabel('Distance-from-Center-(kpc)')
plt.ylabel('Velocity-(km/s)')
plt.title('Galactic-Rotation-Curve')
plt.show()
```



Figure 4: basic Newtonian prediction



Figure 5: real data

Electron Diffraction (PHY 4823L)

This experiment involved using electron diffraction to study the crystalline structure of graphite. We applied Bragg's Law to analyze the diffraction pattern and calculated the lattice spacing of the graphite sample. Data was processed using MATLAB for data analysis, error propagation, and statistical validation.

Skills Highlighted: Data Collection, Materials Physics, Experimental Physics, MATLAB **Acknowledgment:** This lab was performed in tandem with my lab partner, Mercy Adeshola



Figure 6: Hand drawn diagram of concluded inter-atmoic spacings

	$d_{100} \ [nm]$	$d_{110} \ [nm]$	ratio
Left Setup	0.221 ± 0.045	0.120 ± 0.024	1.84 ± 0.53
Right Setup	0.178 ± 014	0.1044 ± 0.0087	1.70 ± 0.19

Table 1: Summary of Plots and Calculations



Figure 7: MATLAB fitlines to experimental data

Magneto-Optic Kerr Effect (PHY 4823L)

I analyzed the magneto-optic Kerr effect (MOKE) to measure magnetic properties such as coercivity and remanence. This experiment required modeling hysteresis loops and analyzing magnetic materials under varying magnetic fields. Python was used to generate plots for visualizing key magnetic characteristics.

Skills Highlighted: Data Processing, Materials Physics, Python, Magnetic properties **Acknowledgment:** This lab was performed in tandem with my lab partner, Mercy Adeshola



Figure 8: Theoretical hysteresis loop



Figure 9: Collected hysteresis data



Figure 10: Processed data showing particular magnetic properties

Stellar Structure: Numerical Modeling (AST 3930)

I solved the Lane-Emden equation via Runge-Kutta algorithm to model hydrostatic equilibrium of stars with polytropic indices n = 1.5 and n = 3.5. This project involved using numerical methods in Python to analyze the structure and density profiles of stars.

Skills Highlighted: Numerical Methods, Python, Astrophysical Modeling, Theoretical Physics,

Python Code Excerpt:

```
from scipy.integrate import odeint
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def lane_emden(theta, xi):
    return -2/xi * np.gradient(theta) - theta**n
```

solution = odeint(lane_emden, initial_conditions, xi_range)
plt.plot(xi_range, solution)

Physics Excerpt:

1. ...

Beginning with a power series expansion of $\theta(\xi)$,

$$\theta(\xi) = C_0 + C_2 \,\xi^2 + C_4 \,\xi^4 + \dots \,, \tag{1}$$

applying some natural boundary conditions allows the calculation of some of the constants. First, ρ/ρ_c must equal one at r = 0. This means that $\theta = 1$ when $\xi = 0$. Applying this boundary condition shows

$$\theta(0) = C_0 = 1 , (2)$$

and now

$$\theta(\xi) = 1 + C_2 \,\xi^2 + C_4 \,\xi^4 + \dots \tag{3}$$

Next, taking the derivative and plugging into the Lane-Emden equation allows the calculation of C_2 :

$$\frac{1}{\xi^2} \frac{d}{d\xi} \left(\xi^2 (0 + 2C_2 \ \xi + 4C_4 \ \xi^3 + \ldots) \right) = -\theta^n \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi^2} \frac{d}{d\xi} \Big(2C_2 \ \xi^3 + 4C_4 \ \xi^5 + \dots \Big) \Big) = -\theta^n \tag{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi^2} \Big(6C_2 \ \xi^2 + 20C_4 \ \xi^4 + \dots \Big) \Big) = -\theta^n \tag{6}$$

$$6C_2 + 20C_4 \xi^2 + \dots = -\theta^n . (7)$$

Reapplying the first boundary condition, $\theta = 1$ when $\xi = 0$, gives

$$6C_2 + 0 = -1^n \quad \Longrightarrow \quad C_2 = -\frac{1}{6} \tag{8}$$

...

2. ...

First, by definition

$$\rho \equiv \rho_c \theta^n \implies \rho \propto \theta^n \tag{9}$$

Next, $P(\theta)$ is found by plugging $\rho(\theta)$ into the polytropic equation of state given by

$$P = K\rho^{\frac{n+1}{n}} , \qquad (10)$$

where K is a constant. Doing this substitution gives

$$P(\theta) = K(\rho_c \theta^n)^{\frac{n+1}{n}} = K\rho_c^{\frac{n+1}{n}} \theta^{n+1} \implies P \propto \theta^{n+1}.$$
 (11)

Finally, $T(\theta)$ can be found easily under the assumption that stars approximate an ideal gas. This means that the ideal gas equations must hold. The relation most relevant here is given:

$$P = \frac{k\rho T}{\mu m_H},\tag{12}$$

where k is Boltzmann's constant, μ is the mean atomic mass of stellar material (assuming it is constant), and m_H is the atomic mass unit. Solving for T,

$$T = \frac{\mu m_H}{k} \frac{P}{\rho} , \qquad (13)$$

and plugging in the derived expressions for $\rho(\theta)$ and $P(\theta)$ gives

$$T(\theta) = \frac{\mu m_H}{k} \frac{K \rho_c^{\frac{n+1}{n}} \theta^{n+1}}{\rho_c \theta^n} = \frac{\mu m_H K \rho_c^{1/n}}{k} \; \theta \quad \Longrightarrow \quad T \propto \theta.$$
(14)

•••



Figure 11: density



Figure 12: temperature

Research Projects

Chemical Literature Analysis (CHM 4060)

ChatGPT seems to really believe in the addition of this course to my portfolio. I don't consider it especially relevant, to be honest, and all I can think to do is describe what we did, and post some sample questions from the course.

As part of the Chemical Literature course, I conducted in-depth research and literature reviews, focusing on modern techniques in chemical and academic research. This was a course required for the Chemistry minor. If nothing else it shows my ability to source and decipher complex scientific papers. I may delete this once I add better samples of my writings and physics research. Skills Highlighted: Research, Technical Writing, Chemical Analysis

Acknowledgment: None of the words in the following section are mine. They are select questions from problem sets in the course CHM4060, taught in 2019 at USF by Dr. M. Johnston

Sample Excerpts:

Do a library catalog search on a topic of your choice. Be sure that it a chemistry topic!

In at least one sentence or more, please explain if you be able to would be to retrieve an article in this journal through USF and how difficult it would be to do this...i.e. what is the time period you could find article's for and what would the method be you could use to obtain the article.

Can you find a way to access foreign patents? If so, pick a country (e.g., the UK, Switzerland, France, etc.) and report a patent for any chemical or pharmaceutical product or process.

There is a lot of speculation currently about the element thorium as a way of producing nuclear energy at a much cheaper and safer level than can be done with uranium. Below are a few questions regarding this element ...

Again, your main grade will be determined by your content. But at least 10% of the grade will also be assessed on the appearance of your final submission.

Skills Summary

- Programming: Python, MATLAB, LaTeX, HTML, Unix Systems
- Data Science Tools: NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib,
- Cloud Computing: AWS, Server Management
- Experimental Techniques: Electron Diffraction, Stellar Modeling, Numerical Modeling
- **Technical Writing:** Academic Reports, Research Summaries, Scientific Research, Patent verification

Website Development: Personal Portfolio

Project: Personal Website Development

URL: austinmiller.net

Description: I built and maintain my personal website as a professional portfolio and a way to showcase my work and skills. The website is hosted on GitHub Pages and built using HTML, CSS, and Git for version control. The website also showcases some of my astrophysics work, projects, and a dedicated section for my experience managing technology like AWS.

Technologies Used:

- GitHub Pages: For hosting the website and managing version control.
- HTML/CSS: Front-end development for designing the portfolio and presenting my projects.
- AWS: Used for hosting backend components and testing cloud hosting for scaling.
- Git: Version control to manage updates and changes to the site.

Skills Highlighted:

- Web Development
- Cloud Hosting (AWS)
- Version Control (Git)

Server Management: Remote Hosting

Project: Remote Minecraft Server Management

Description: I run a Minecraft server remotely from my MacBook Air, managing everything from server uptime to performance optimizations. The server hosts multiple players and is configured for custom mods. This project has developed my cloud hosting skills, network management, and troubleshooting.

Technologies Used:

- Minecraft Server: Managed remotely for multiple users, with uptime monitoring and mod support.
- MacBook Air: Used as a host server with customized scripts for performance improvements.
- Networking: Configuring ports, managing player access, and resolving connectivity issues.

Skills Highlighted:

- Server Administration
- Cloud Hosting and Networking
- Troubleshooting and Scripting

Contact Information

For additional information or project details, feel free to contact me via email or visit my website.

Footnotes & Errata; References & Sources

1. According to the current iteration of this document as of December 24, 2024.

2. It continues to baffle me that more people don't use it. It is so much better than Microsoft Word (not hating). It is both the easiest, and most useful computer language I have learned of (for people who don't program computers for work, of course).